

7.D04-11-1968
P..... =

AN - 69:75913 HCA
 TI - Effect of various chemicals on mites
 IN - Honma, Shoichi
 CS - Hokkaido Inst. Public Health, Sapporo, Japan
 SO - Yakuzaigaku (1967), 27(3), 192-6
 CODEN: YAKUA2
 DT - Journal
 LA - English
 CC - 19 (Pesticides)
 AB - The insecticidal effect of about 100 chems. on the mite (*Tyrophagus dimidiatus*) was examd. Org. P and Cl compds. were generally effective for prevention of mites. Their use was limited to chems. applied directly to the human host to kill mites. Thymol was of interest for the treatment of acariasis.
 ST - mites pesticides; thymol mites; acariasis pesticides
 IT - Ammonium compounds, substituted, biological studies
 (alkylbenzylidimethyl—chloride, *Tyrophagus dimidiatus* control by)
 IT - *Tyrophagus*
 (dimidiatus, control of)
 IT - Acaricides
 (for *Tyrophagus dimidiatus* control)
 IT - 4a(4H)-Dibenzofurancarboxamide, 1,5a,6,9,9a,9b-hexahydro-
 Phosphorothioic acid, S-[2-(ethylsulfinyl)-1-methyllethyl]
 O,O-dimethyl ester
 Sodium antimony tartrate
 M 1960
 Antimony sodium tartrate
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (*Tyrophagus dimidiatus* control by)
 IT - 50-63-5 51-28-5, biological studies 60-57-1 62-53-3,
 biological studies 62-73-7 64-17-5, biological studies
 71-43-2, biological studies 75-03-6 87-61-6 88-06-2 89-83-8
 90-11-9 90-13-1 90-15-3 91-20-3, biological studies 91-49-6
 92-84-2 93-89-0 93-99-2 95-48-7 95-50-1 95-57-8 97-00-7
 98-09-9 98-87-3 98-95-3, biological studies 100-02-7,
 biological studies 100-41-4, biological studies 100-44-7
 100-52-7, biological studies 106-41-2 106-44-5 106-48-9
 106-93-4 108-36-1 108-39-4 108-43-0 108-86-1 108-90-7,
 biological studies 108-95-2, biological studies 118-79-6
 120-51-4 120-83-2 121-75-5 127-65-1 131-52-2 131-73-7
 134-62-3 134-81-6 135-19-3 142-88-1 300-76-5 316-42-7
 333-41-5 473-34-7 481-06-1 487-79-6 510-15-6 541-73-1
 573-97-7 583-53-9 591-50-4 610-68-4 622-24-2 939-55-9
 1851-24-7 7681-52-9 21504-45-0
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)
 (*Tyrophagus dimidiatus* control by)